# Behavior Composition in the Presence of Failure

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#### Introduction

There are at least two kinds of games. One could be called finite, the other infinite.

A finite game is played for the purpose of winning ...

... an infinite game for the purpose of continuing the play.

Finite and Infinite Games J. P. Carse

#### Behavior composition vs Planning

#### **Planning**

- Operators: atomic
- Goal: desired state of affair
- Finite game: compose operator sequentially so as to reach the goal
- Playing strategy: plan

#### Behavior composition

- "Operators": available transition systems
- "Goal": target transition system
- Infinite game: compose available transition systems concurrently so as to play the target transition systems
- Playing strategy: composition controller

#### Behavior composition

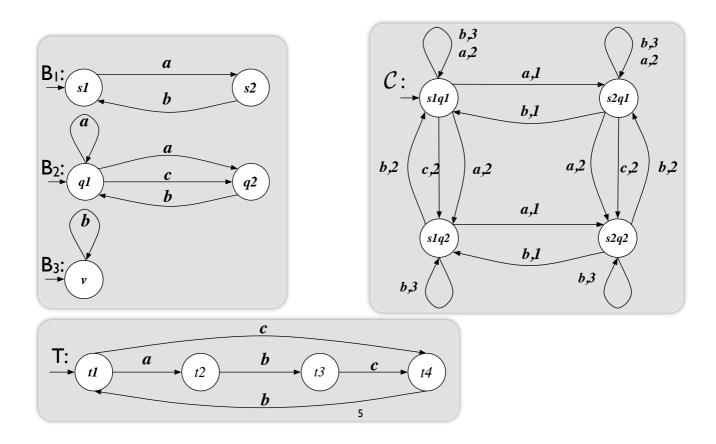
#### Given:

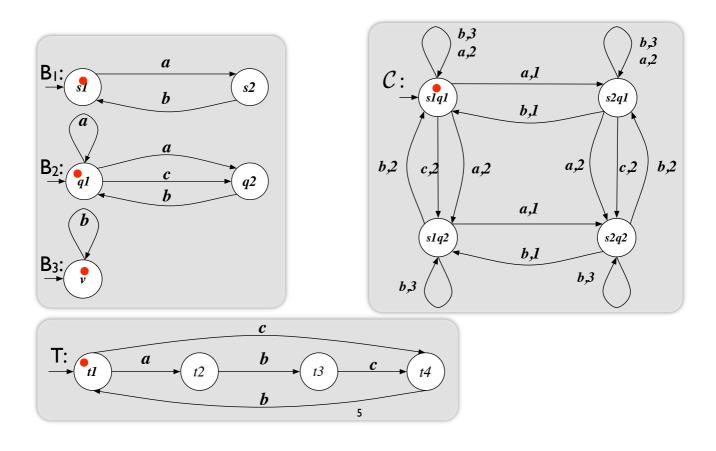
- a set of available behaviors B<sub>1</sub>,...,B<sub>n</sub>
- a target behavior T

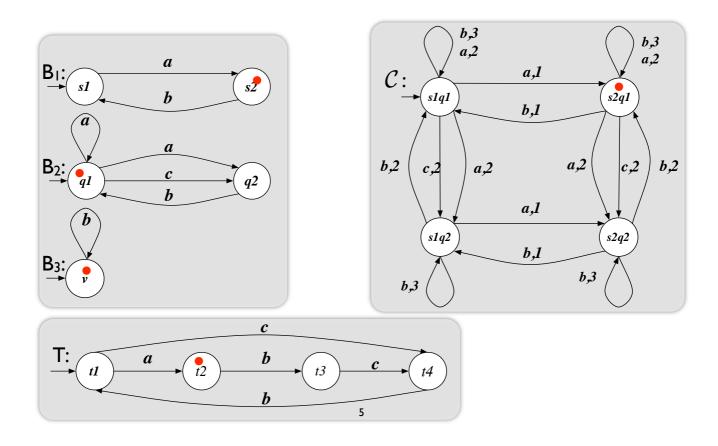
we want to realize T by delegating actions to  $B_1, ..., B_n$ 

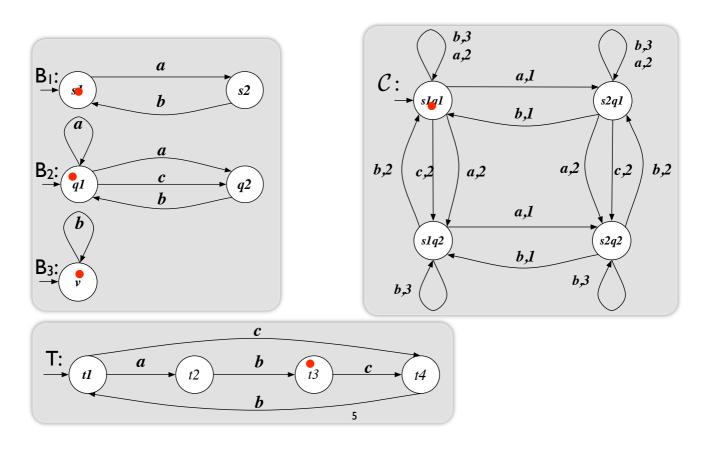
i.e.: *control* the concurrent execution of  $B_1,...,B_n$  so as to *mimic* T over time

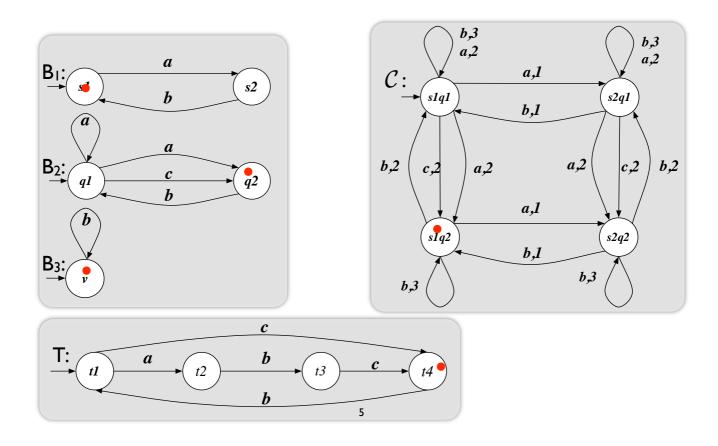
Behavior composition: synthesis of the controller

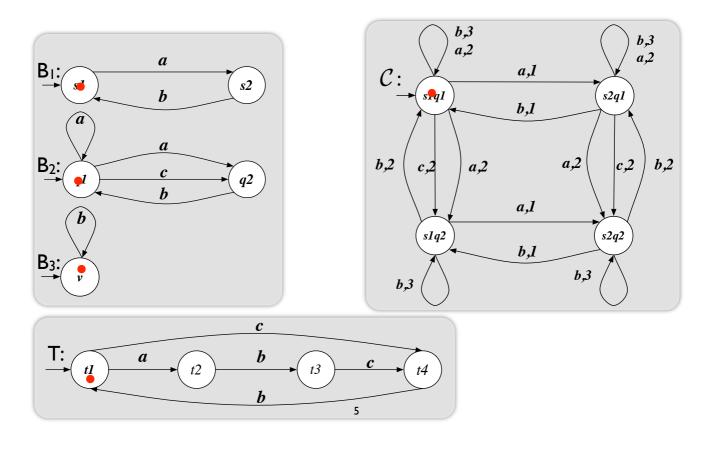


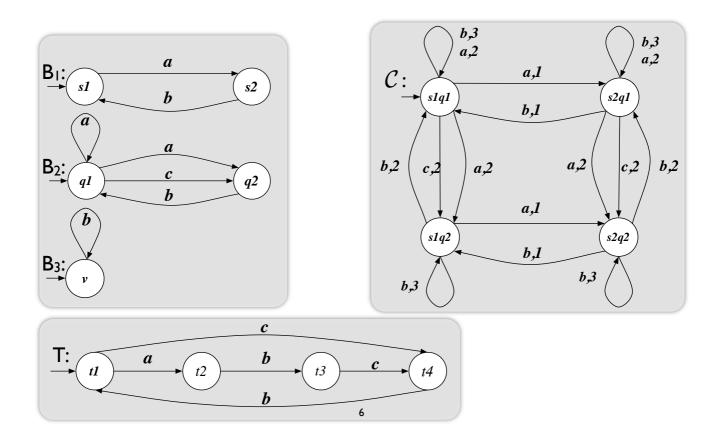


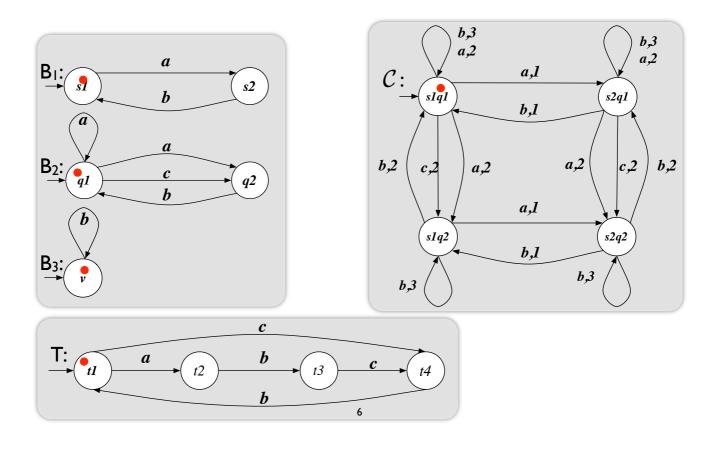


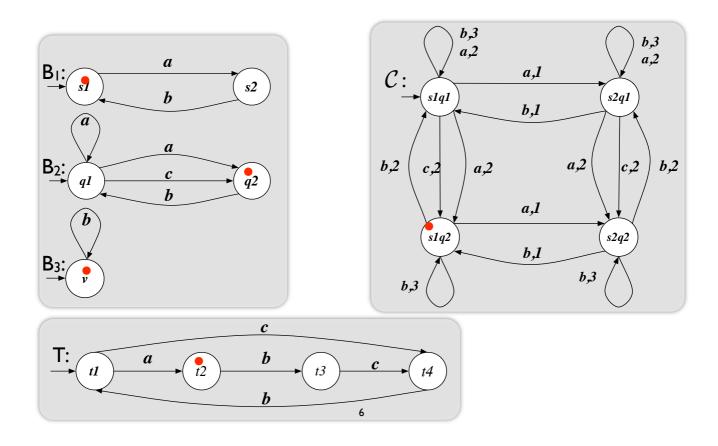


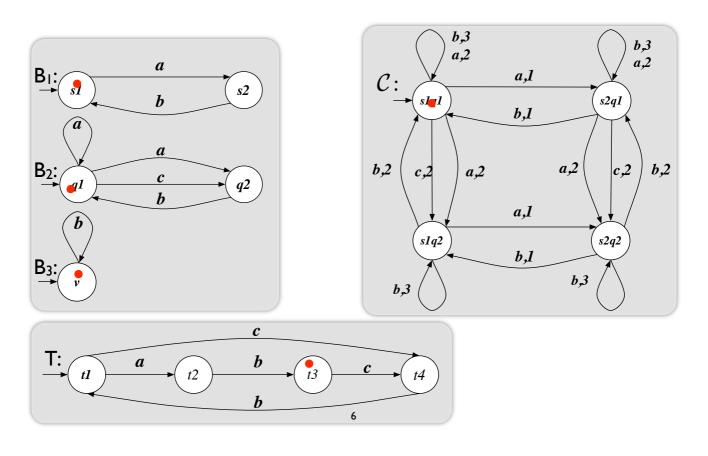


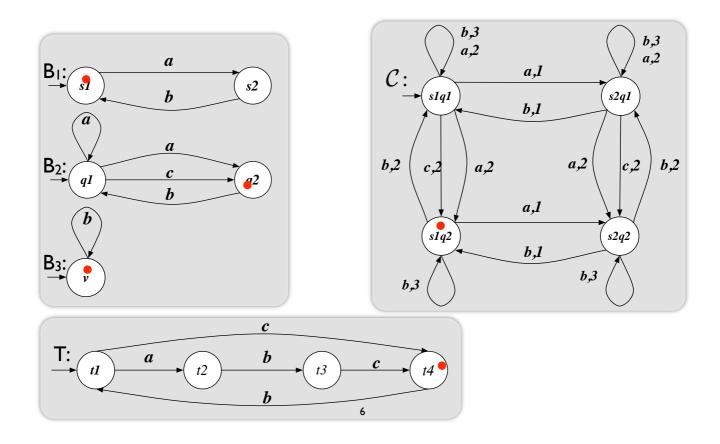


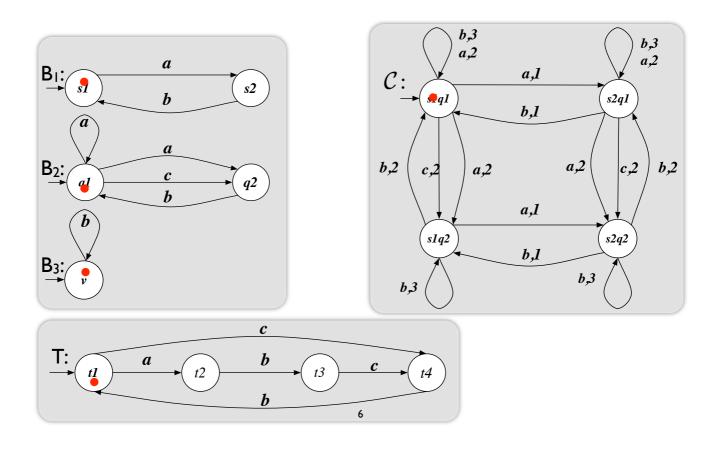


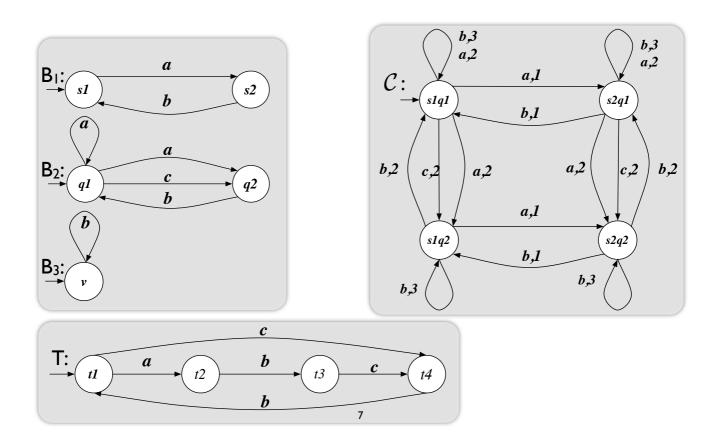


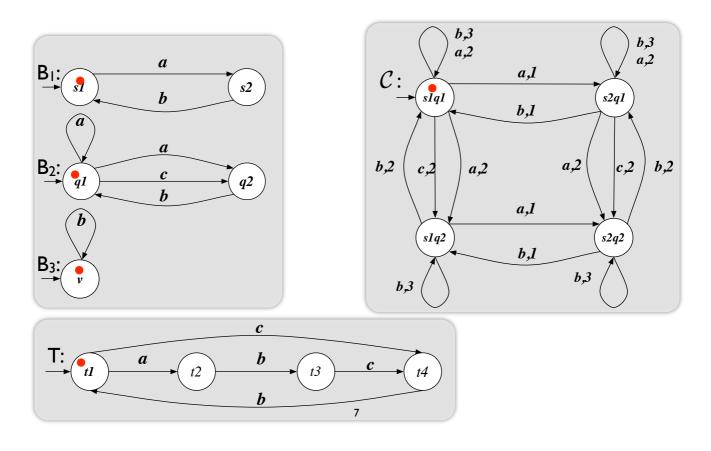


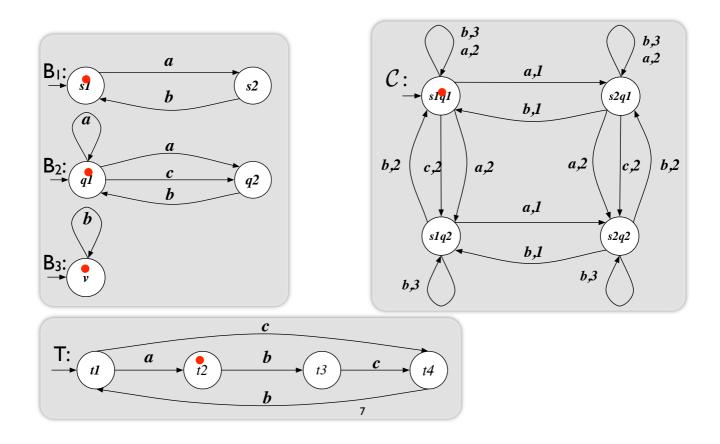


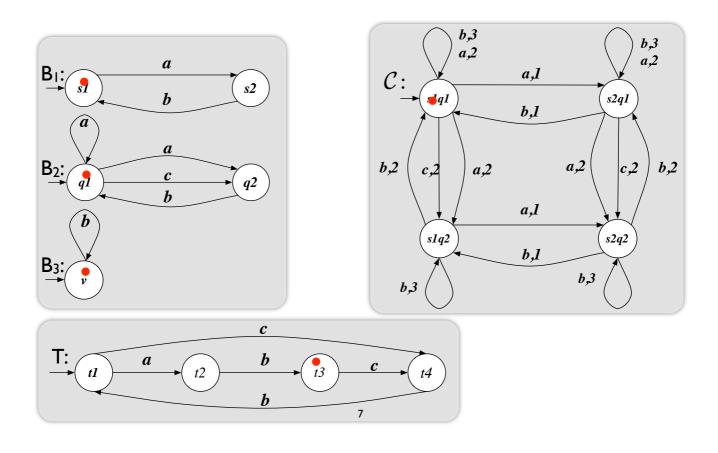


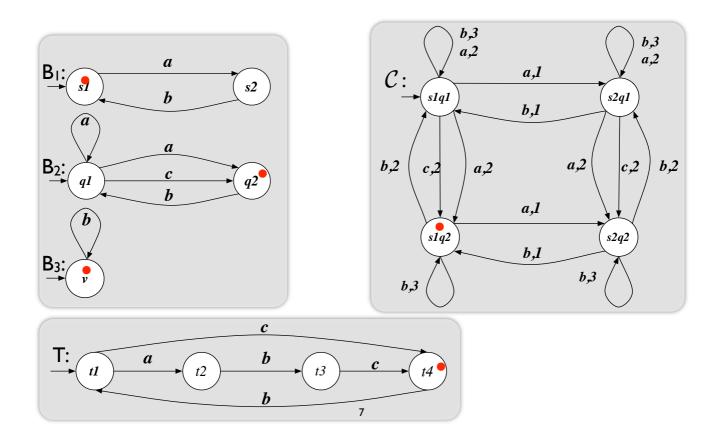


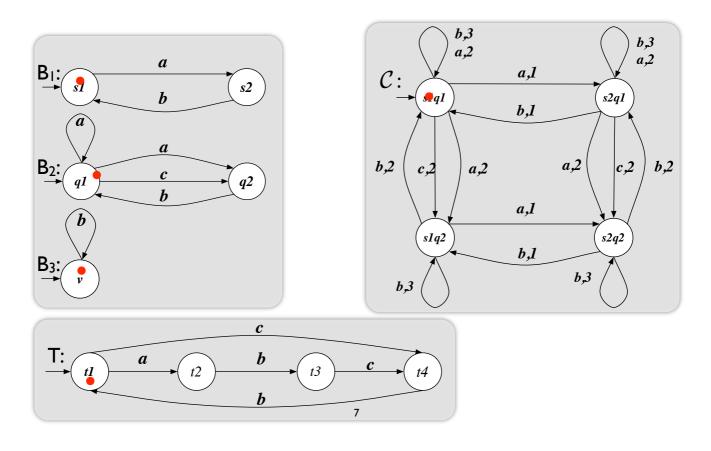












#### Synthesizing a composition

Techniques for computing compositions:

- Reduction to PDL SAT [IJCAI07, AAAI07, VLDB05, ICSOC03]
- Simulation-based
- LTL synthesis as model checking of game structure [ICAPS08]

All techniques are for finite state behaviors

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#### Simulation-based technique

#### Directly based on

"... control the concurrent execution of  $B_1,...,B_n$  so as to mimic T"

Note this is possible ...

.... if the concurrent execution of  $B_1, ..., B_n$  can mimic T

Thm: this is possible iff

... the asynchronous (Cartesian) product C of  $B_1, ..., B_n$  can (ND-)simulate T

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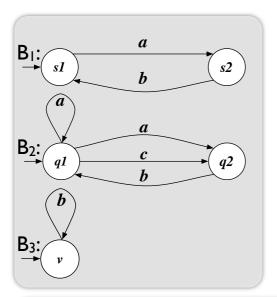
#### Simulation relation

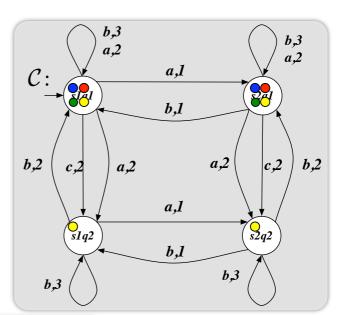
- Given two transition systems  $T = \langle A, S_T, t^0, \delta_T \rangle$  and  $\mathcal{C} = \langle A, S_{\mathcal{C}}, s_{\mathcal{C}}^0, \delta_{\mathcal{C}} \rangle$  a (ND-)**simulation** is a relation R between the states  $t \in \mathcal{T}$  an  $(s_1,..,s_n)$  of  $\mathcal{C}$  such that:
  - $(t, s_1,...,s_n) \in R$  implies that
    - for all  $t \rightarrow_a t'$  exists a  $B_i \in \mathcal{C}$  s.t.
      - $\exists s_i \rightarrow_a s'_i \text{ in } B_i$
      - $\forall s_i \rightarrow_a s'_i \text{ in } B_i \Rightarrow (t', s_1,...,s'_i,...,s_n) \in R$
  - If **exists a simulation** relation R such that  $(t^0, s_c^0) \in R$ , then we say that **T is simulated by** C.
  - Simulated-by is (i) a simulation;
     (ii) the largest simulation.

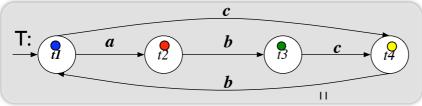
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    - (ii) the largest simulation.

Simulated-by is a coinductive definition







#### Reachability relation (Planning)

- A binary relation R is a **reachability-like relation** iff:
  - (s,s) ∈ R
  - if  $\exists$  a. s'. s  $\rightarrow$ a s'  $\land$  (s',s")  $\in$  R then (s,s") $\in$  R
- A state  $s_g$  of transition system S is **reachable-from** a state  $s_0$  iff for **all** a **reachability-like relations** R we have  $(s_0, s_g) \in R$ .
- **reachable-from** is (i) a reachability-like relation itself; (ii) the smallest reachability-like relation.

Reachable-from is a inductive definition!

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#### Simulation relation (cont.)

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# Computing composition via simulation

Let  $S_1, \ldots, S_n$  be the TSs of the available behaviors.

The **Available behaviors TS**  $C = \langle A, S_C, s_C^0, \delta_C, F_C \rangle$  is the **asynchronous product** of  $S_1,...,S_n$  where:

- A is the set of actions
- $S_C = S_1 \times ... \times S_n$
- $s_c^0 = (s_{1}^0, ..., s_{m}^0)$
- $\delta_{\mathcal{C}} \subseteq S_{\mathcal{C}} \times A \times S_{\mathcal{C}}$  is defined as follows:

$$(s_1 \times ... \times s_n) \rightarrow_a (s'_1 \times ... \times s'_n)$$
 iff

- $\exists$  i.  $s_i \rightarrow_a s'_i \in \delta_i$
- $\forall$  j $\neq$ i.  $s'_i = s_i$

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#### Using simulation for composition

Given the largest simulation R of T by C, we can build every composition through the **controller generator** (**CG**).

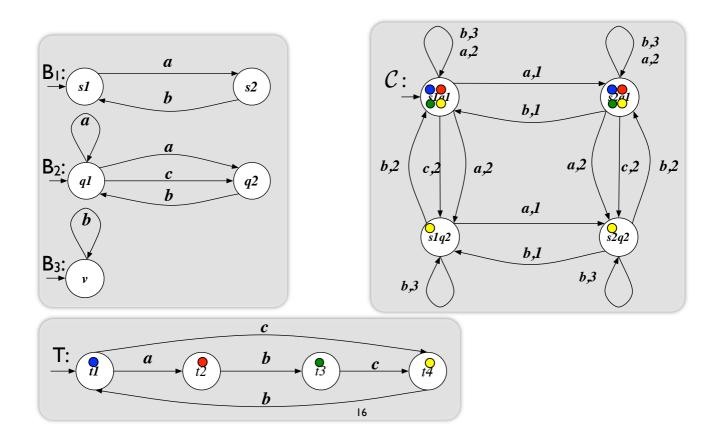
**CG** = < A, [1,...,n], S<sub>r</sub>, s<sub>r</sub><sup>0</sup>,  $\delta$ ,  $\omega$ > with

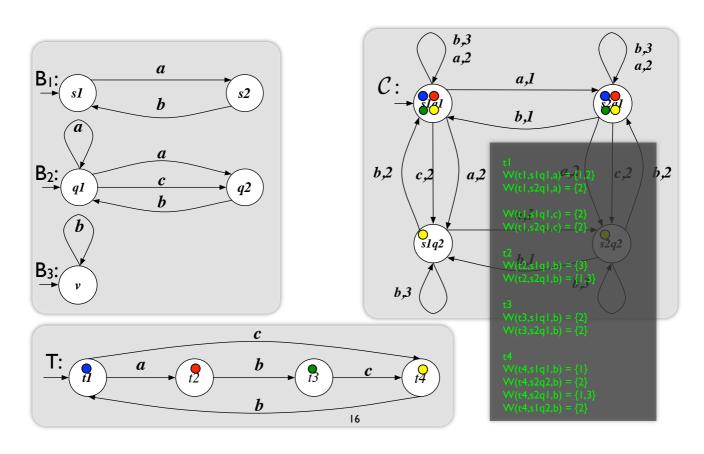
- A : the actions shared by the behaviors
- [1,...,n]: the **identifiers** of the available behaviors
- $S_r = S_T \times S_1 \times ... \times S_n$ : the **states** of the controller generator
- $s_r^0 = (t^0, s^0_1, ..., s^0_n)$ : the **initial state** of the controller generator
- $\omega$ :  $S_r \times A \rightarrow 2^{[1,\dots,n]}$ : the **output function**, defined as follows:

$$\omega(t, s_1,...,s_n, a) = \{i \mid B_i \text{ can do } a \text{ and remain in } R\}$$

•  $\delta \subseteq S_r \times A \times [1,...,n] \to S_r$ : the **state transition function**, defined as follows

$$(t, s_1,..,s_i,..,s_n) \rightarrow_{a,i} (t', s_1,..,s'_i,..,s_n) \text{ iff } i \in \omega(t, s_1,..,s_i,..,s_n, a)$$





#### Results for simulation

**Thm:** Choosing at each point any value in  $\omega$  gives us a correct controller for the composition.

**Thm:** Every controller that is a composition can be obtained by choosing, at each point, a suitable value in  $\omega$ .

**Thm:** Computing the controller generator is EXPTIME (composition is EXPTIME-complete [IJCAI07]) where the exponential depends only on the number (not the size) of the available behaviors.

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#### Behavior failures

Components may become unexpectedly unavailable for various reasons.

We consider four kinds of behavior failures:

- A behavior temporarily freezes; it will eventually resume in the same state it was in;
- A behavior (or the environment) unexpectedly and arbitrarily (i.e., without respecting its transition relation)
   changes its current state;
- A behavior dies it becomes permanently unavailable.
- A dead behavior unexpectedly comes **alive again** (this is an opportunity more than a failure).

#### Just-in-time composition

Once we have the controller generator ...

- ... we can avoid choosing any particular composition apriori ...
- ... and **use directly**  $\omega$  to choose the available behavior to which delegate the next action.

We can be *lazy* and make such choice *just-in-time*, possibly adapting reactively to *runtime* feedback.

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#### Reactive failure recovery with CG

CG already solves:

- Temporary freezing of an available behavior B<sub>i</sub>
  - In principle: wait for B<sub>i</sub>
  - But with CG: stop selecting B<sub>i</sub> until it comes back!

#### Unexpected behavior (environment) state change

- In principle: recompute CG / simulated-by from new initial state ...
- ... but CG / simulated-by independent from initial state!
- Hence: simply use old CG / simulated-by from the new state!!

#### Parsimonious failure recovery

```
Algorithm Computing (ND-)simulation - parametrized version

Input: transition system T = \langle A, T, t^0, \delta_T, F_T \rangle and transition system C = \langle A, S, s_C^0, \delta_C, F_C \rangle relation R_{raw} including the simulated-by relation relation R_{sure} included the simulated-by relation

Output: the simulated-by relation (the largest simulation)

Body

Q = \emptyset
Q' = R_{raw} - R_{sure} \quad //Note \quad R' = (Q' \cup R_{sure})
while (Q \neq Q') {
Q := Q'
Q' := Q' \quad \{(t, s_1,..,s_n) \mid \exists t \rightarrow_a t' \text{ in } T \land \forall B_i . \neg \exists s \rightarrow_a s' \text{ in } B_i \land (t', s_1,..s'_i,..s_n) \notin Q' \cup R_{sure} \}
}
return Q' \cup R_{sure}
```

#### **End**

#### Parsimonious failure recovery (cont.)

Let [1,..., n] = W U F be the available behaviors.

Let  $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{R}_{\text{WUF}}$  be the **simulated-by** relation of target by behaviors W U F. Then the following hold:

- $\mathbf{R}_{W} \subseteq \pi_{W}(\mathbf{R}_{WUF})$ 
  - $\pi_W(\mathbf{R}_{W\cup F})$  is not a simulation in general
  - **Behaviors F die:** compute  $\mathbf{R}_{W}$  with  $\mathbf{R}_{raw} = \pi_{W}(\mathbf{R}_{WUF})$ !
- $\mathbf{R}_{W} \times F \subseteq \mathbf{R}_{WUF}$ 
  - $\mathbf{R}_{W} \times F$  is a simulation of target by behaviors W U F
  - **Dead behaviors F** come back: compute  $\mathbf{R}_{WUF}$  with  $\mathbf{R}_{sure} = \mathbf{R}_{W} \times F$ !

# Tools for computing composition based on simulation

- Computing simulation is a well-studied problem (related to bisimulation, a key notion in process algebra).
   Tools, like the Edinburgh Concurrency Workbench and its clones, can be adapted to compute composition via simulation.
- Also LTL-based syntesis tools, like TLV, can be used for (indirectly) computing composition via simulation [Patrizi PhD08]

We are currently focussing on the second approach.

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#### Conclusion

- Behavior composition: an infinite game.
- Simulation based composition techniques allow for failure tolerance!
- It realies on a controller generator: kind of stateful universal plan generator for composition.
- Full observability of available behavior' states is crucial for CG to work properly. But ...
   Partial observability addressable by manipulating knowledge states! [work in progress]
- All techniques are for finite states. What about dealing with infinite states? Very difficult, but also crucial when mixing processes and data!