# *Composition: the "Roman" Approach Reduction to SAT in PDL*



Basic idea:

- A orchestrator program *P* realizes the target service *T* iff at each point:
  - $\forall$  transition labeled *a* of the target service *T* ...
  - ...  $\exists$  an available service  $B_i$  (the one chosen by P) that can make an a-transition, realizing the a-transition of T
- Encoding in PDL:
  - $\forall$  transition labeled a ...

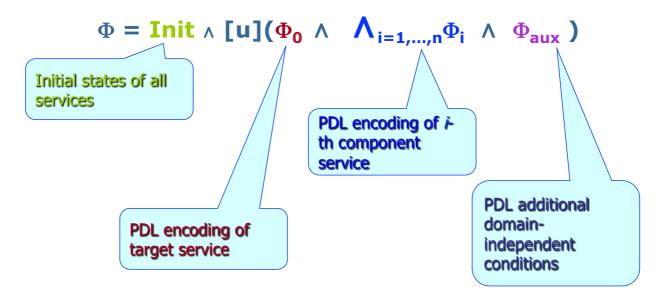
#### use branching

∃ an available service B<sub>i</sub> that can make an a-transition ...
use underspecified predicates assigned through SAT



# Structure of the PDL Encoding





#### PDL encoding is polynomial in the size of the service TSs

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PDL Encoding

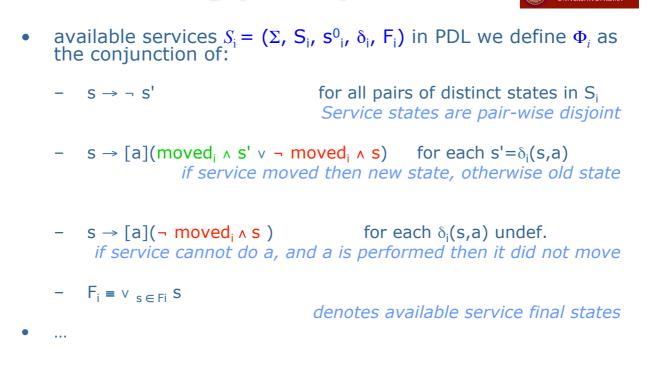
• Target service  $S_0 = (\Sigma, S_0, s^0, \delta_0, F_0)$  in PDL we define  $\Phi_0$  as the conjunction of:

-	$S \rightarrow \neg S'$	for all pairs of distinct states in S <sub>0</sub> service states are pair-wise disjoint
-		for each s'= $\delta_0(s,a)$ service can do an a-transition going to state s'
-	s → [a] ⊥	for each $\delta_0(s,a)$ undef.
	_	target service cannot do an a-transition
-	F <sub>0</sub> ≡ ∨ <sub>s∈F0</sub> S	denotes target service final states



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# PDL Encoding (cont.d)

- Additional assertions Φ<sub>aux</sub>
  - $\begin{array}{ll} & <a > T \rightarrow [a] \ V_{i=1,...,n} \ moved_i & \mbox{for each action a} \\ & at \ least \ one \ of \ the \ available \ services \ must \ move \ at \ each \ step \end{array}$
  - $\begin{array}{rl} & F_0 \rightarrow \Lambda_{i=1,...,n} \; F_i \\ & \mbox{ when target service is final all comm. services are final } \end{array}$

- Init = 
$$S_0^0 \wedge I_{i=1...,n} S_i^0$$

Initially all services are in their initial state

PDL encoding: 
$$\Phi = \text{Init} \land [u](\Phi_0 \land_{i=1,...,n} \Phi_i \land \Phi_{aux})$$







#### Thm[ICSOC' 03,IJCIS' 05]:

Composition exists iff PDL formula  $\Phi$  SAT

From composition labeling of the target service one can build a <u>tree model</u> of the PDL formula and viceversa

Information on the labeling is encoded in predicates moved,

#### Corollary [ICSOC' 03,IJCIS' 05]:

Checking composition existence is decidable in **EXPTIME** 

#### Thm[Muscholl&Walukiewicz FoSSaCS'07]: Checking composition existence is EXPTIME-hard

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# Results on TS Composition

#### Thm[ICSOC'03,IJCIS'05]:

If composition exists then finite TS composition exists.

From a <u>small model</u> of the PDL formula  $\Phi$ , one can build a finite TS machine

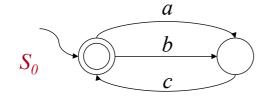
Information on the output function of the machine is encoded in predicates moved<sub>i</sub>

# $\Rightarrow$ <u>finite TS</u> composition existence of services expressible as finite TS is EXPTIME-complete

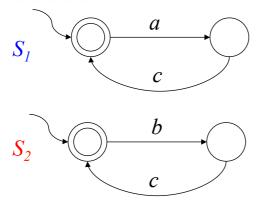


# Example (1)

#### Target service

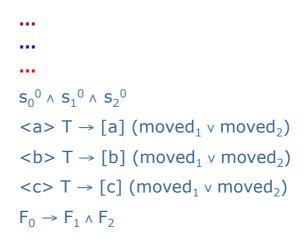


#### **Available services**



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#### PDL

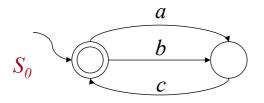


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# Example (2)

#### **Target service**



# $$\begin{split} & S_0{}^0 \rightarrow \neg S_0{}^1 \\ & S_0{}^0 \rightarrow \langle a \rangle T \land [a] S_0{}^1 \\ & S_0{}^0 \rightarrow \langle b \rangle T \land [b] S_0{}^1 \\ & S_0{}^1 \rightarrow \langle c \rangle T \land [c] S_0{}^0 \\ & S_0{}^0 \rightarrow [c] \bot \\ & S_0{}^1 \rightarrow [a] \bot \\ & S_0{}^1 \rightarrow [b] \bot \\ & F_0{} \equiv S_0{}^0 \end{split}$$

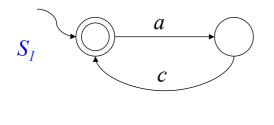
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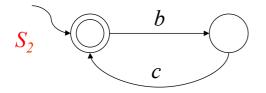






#### Available services





- $$\begin{split} & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^0 \rightarrow \neg \ \mathbf{s_1}^1 \\ & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^0 \rightarrow [\mathbf{a}] \ (moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^1 \lor \neg moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^0 \ ) \\ & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^0 \rightarrow [\mathbf{c}] \neg moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^0 \\ & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^0 \rightarrow [\mathbf{b}] \neg moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^1 \\ & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^1 \rightarrow [\mathbf{a}] \neg moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^1 \\ & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^1 \rightarrow [\mathbf{b}] \neg moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^1 \\ & & \\ \mathbf{s_1}^1 \rightarrow [\mathbf{c}] \ (moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^0 \lor \neg moved_1 \land \mathbf{s_1}^1 \ ) \\ & & \\ F_1 \equiv \mathbf{s_1}^0 \end{split}$$
- $$\begin{split} & s_2^0 \rightarrow \neg \ s_2^1 \\ & s_2^0 \rightarrow [b] \ (moved_2 \land s_2^1 \lor \neg moved_2 \land s_2^0) \\ & s_2^0 \rightarrow [c] \neg moved_2 \land s_2^0 \\ & s_2^0 \rightarrow [a] \neg moved_2 \land s_2^0 \\ & s_2^1 \rightarrow [b] \neg moved_2 \land s_2^1 \\ & s_2^1 \rightarrow [a] \neg moved_2 \land s_2^1 \\ & s_2^1 \rightarrow [c] \ (moved_2 \land s_2^0 \lor \neg moved_2 \land s_2^1) \\ & F_2 = s_2^0 \end{split}$$

....

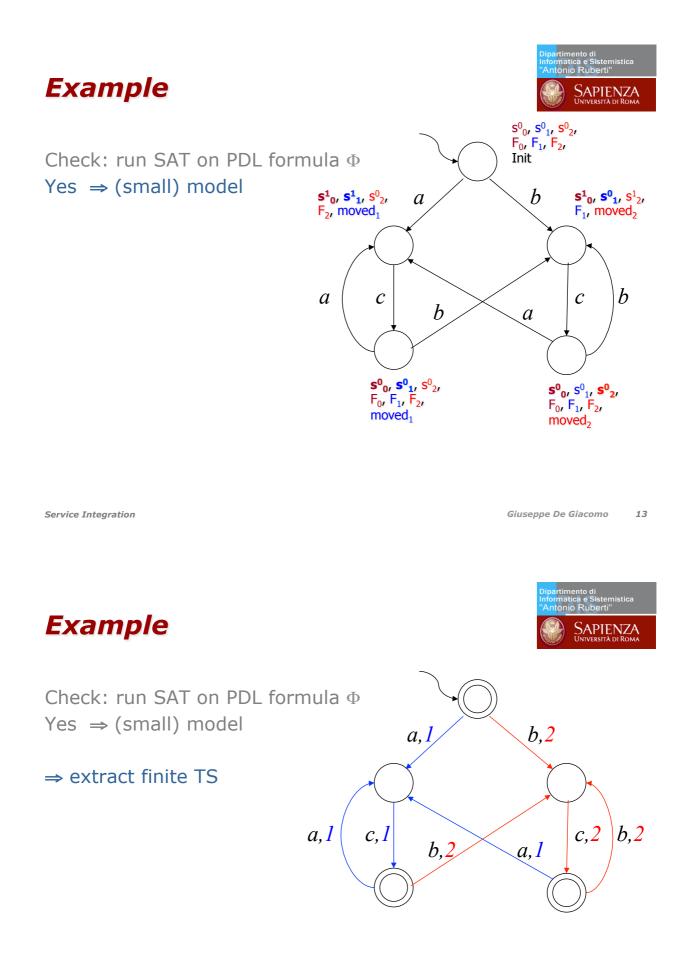
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#### Check: run SAT on PDL formula $\Phi$





### Example

*c*.2

*b*.2

Check: run SAT on PDL formula  $\Phi$ Yes  $\Rightarrow$  (small) model

 $\Rightarrow$  extract finite TS

 $\Rightarrow$  minimize finite TS

(similar to Mealy machine minimization)

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# Results on Synthesizing Composition



• Using PDL reasoning algorithms based on model construction (cf. tableaux), build a (small) model <u>Exponential in the size of the PDL encoding/services finite TS</u>

> *Note: SitCalc, etc. can compactly represent finite TS, PDL encoding can preserve compactness of representation*

*c*, *l* 

*a*, *1* 

- From this model extract a corresponding finite TS Polynomial in the size of the model
- Minimize such a finite TS using standard techniques (opt.) <u>Polynomial</u> in the size of the TS

*Note: finite TS extracted from the model is not minimal because encodes output in properties of individuals/states* 

# Tools for Synthesizing Composition



- In fact we use only a fragment of PDL in particular we use fixpoint (transitive closure) only to get the universal modality ...
- ... thanks to a tight correspondence between PDLs and Description Logics (DLs), lately highly optimized tableaux based reasoning systems are available to:
  - check for composition existence
  - do composition synthesis (if the ability or returning models is present)
- Among them we recall:
  - Racer (<u>http://www.racer-systems.com/</u>) based on DLs
  - Pellet (<u>http://clarkparsia.com/pellet</u>) based on DLs
  - Fact++ (<u>http://owl.man.ac.uk/factplusplus/</u>) based on DLs
  - PDL Tableaux (http://www.cs.manchester.ac.uk/~schmidt/pdl-tableau/) based on PDL
  - Tableaux Workbench (<u>http://twb.rsise.anu.edu.au/</u>) based on PDL
  - Lotrec (<u>http://www.irit.fr/Lotrec/</u>) based on PDL

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# Reduction to PDL SAT works also for nondeteministic available services

# Technique1: Reduction to PDL



Basic idea:

- A orchestrator program *P* realizes the target service *T* iff at each point:
  - $\forall$  transition labeled *a* of the target service *T* ...
  - ...  $\exists$  an available service  $B_i$  (the one chosen by P) which can make an a-transition ...
  - ... and  $\forall a$ -transition of  $B_i$  realize the a-transition of T
- Encoding in PDL:
  - - use **branching**
  - $\exists$  an available service  $B_i$  ... use underspecified predicates **assigned through SAT**
  - $\forall a$ -transition of  $B_i$  ... :

use branching again

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# **Technical Results: Practical**



Reduction to PDL provides also a practical sound and complete technique to compute the orchestrator program also in this case

eg, PELLET @ Univ. Maryland

- Use state-of-the-art tableaux systems for OWL-DL for checking SAT of PDL formula  $\varPhi$  coding the composition existence
- If SAT, the tableau returns a finite model of arPhi

exponential in the size of the behaviors

- Project away irrelevant predicates from such model, and possibly minimize
- The resulting structure is a finite orchestrator program that realizes the target behavior

polynomial in the size of the model