

Developed at DIAG

Name by **Rick Hull** IBM Research

Composition: the "Roman" Approach

"At ICSOC 2013 won price as "most influential paper published in de decade 2003-2012 at the International Conference on Service Oriented Computing (ICSOC)"



Service Integration

Community of Services

- A community of Services is
 - a set of services ...
 - ... that share implicitly a *common understanding* on a common set of actions (common ontology limited to the alphabet of actions)...
 - ... and export their behavior using (finite) TS over this common set of actions
- A client specifies needs as a service behavior, i.e, a (finite) TS using the common set of actions of the community

Service Integration

- We model services as finite TS T = $(\Sigma, S, s^0, \delta, F)$ with
 - single initial state (s^0)

(Target & Available) Service TS

- deterministic transitions (i.e., δ is a partial function from $S \times \Sigma$ to S)

Note: In this way the client entirely controls/chooses the transition to execute

Example:



- a: "search by author (and select)"
- b: "search by title (and select)"
- c: "listen (the selected song)"



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Composition: an Example



Service Integration

Composition: an Example



target service



Composition: an Example



target service available service 1 а b а С С available service 2 orchestrator b С A sample run action request: а С **c**,1 orchestrator response: a,1

Composition: an Example



target service



Composition: an Example





A orchestrator program realizing the target behavior

target service







- Orchestrator program is any function P(h,a) = i that takes a history h and an action a to execute and delegates a to one of the available services i
- A **history** is the sequence of actions done so far:

$$h = a_1 a_2 \dots a_k$$

- Observe that to take a decision P has full access to the past, but no access to the future
 - Note given an history $h = a_1 a_2 \dots a_k$ an the function P we can reconstruct the state of the target service and of each available service
 - $a_1 a_2 \dots a_k$ determines the state of the target service
 - $(a_1, P([], a_1))(a_2, P([a_1], a_2)) \dots (a_k, P([a_1, a_2, \dots, a_{k-1}], a_k))$ determines the state of of each 1vailable service
- **Problem:** synthesize a orchestrator program P that realizes the target service making use of the available services

Service Execution Tree



By "unfolding" a (finite) TS one gets an (infinite) execution tree -- yet another (infinite) TS which bisimilar to the original one)



- *Nodes: history i.e., sequence of actions executed so far*
- Root: no action yet performed
- Successor node x·a of x: action a can be executed after the sequence of action x
- *Final nodes: the service can terminate*

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Alternative (but Equivalent) Definition of Service Composition



Composition:

- coordinating program ...
- ... that realizes the target service ...
- ... by suitably coordinating available services

\Rightarrow Composition can be seen as:

- a labeling of the execution tree of the target service such that
- ... each action in the execution tree is labeled by the available service that executes it ...
- ... and each possible sequence of actions on the target service execution tree corresponds to possible sequences of actions on the available service execution trees, suitably interleaved



Example of Composition



rtimento di matica e Sistemistica <u>onio Ru</u>berti''

SAPIENZA



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Example of Composition











Each action of the target service is executed by at least one of the component services Giuseppe De Giacomo Service Integration 17

Example of composition (6)

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С

b

С



When the target service can be left, then all component services must be in a final state Giuseppe De Giacomo Service Integration

Example of composition (7)





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Example of composition (8)





 $S_0 = orch(S_1 || S_2)$





Observation



- This labeled execution tree has a finite representation as a finite TS ...
- ...with transitions labeled by an action and the service performing the action



Is this always the case when we deal with services expressible as finite TS? See later...

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Assume services of community and target service are finite TSs

- Can we always check composition existence?
- If a composition exists there exists one which is a finite TS?
- If yes, how can a finite TS composition by computed?

To answer ICSOC'03 exploits PDL SAT